

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA  
FELONY DIVISION

STATE OF MINNESOTA,  
Plaintiff,

Lower Tribunal Ref. Nos. CRIS-134567FAND-CRIS-147067FAND

SECRETARY, DEPARTMENT OF  
CORRECTIONS (Pineellas County),  
Defendant.

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FEB 01 2022

CLERK, U.S. DISTRICT COURT  
MINNEAPOLIS, MINNESOTA

NOTICE OF REMOVAL

Dispatcher I Can't Breathe:

In the absence of Document<sup>26</sup> the district court jurisdiction do now to  
content and sanction impositonal penalties on the remaining Defendant's is rule by the  
criminal construction from a Supreme Governance. See Fed. R. Evid. 104(b); 28 U.S.C.A.

§ 1441 et seq. (as removing this agency's the impositonal penalty again notice to the group that by  
the preponderance of the penalties mandates disqualification and jail term). To that end the  
court must grant the remedy sought and enforce jurisprudence evidence of 'perjury' to the arraignment  
committee by police-government and themselves prosecution-agencies.

SCANNED

FEB 01 2022

U.S. DISTRICT COURT MPLS

Pinellas County District, Complaint:

The trial court, however, sentenced two police government agents to civil fines. The impositional charge are enforceable to its co-defendant's and the seeming disharmony of its result when judged by the enduring series of the barmy and court proceeding impairing the Florida Bar the State of Minnesota brings the complaint here. Note: art. III § 11(a)(7)

Fla. Coast. The complaint is style RECRIMINATE which involve transaction resulting in embezzlement of more than \$1,000 pledge credit that has risen over the preceding due process and/or and this will organize crime in the 5th district Circuit Court division, however visible has a nine-year long history of perjury, a third-degree felony under Florida

law: Arthur v JP Morgan Chase Bank NA 569 Fed Appx 669 (11th Cir. Fla. 2014)

6:30 clock am EDT Aug. 10, 2019:

Courts have found the US Government vehicle use to be unlawful and for criminal purpose that include: driving a police cruiser and transport cars and vans back and forth to state or federal financial institutions, buildings and warehouses for maintenance; loading and unloading; transportation and storage of dangerous quantities and measures of cocaine;

FLA STAT § 837.021(1) (2013)

commercial or personal tangible items; an office on wheels; ingress and egress criminal contempt that involves defendant's trafficking by the preponderance of the evidence. See 18 U.S.C. § 241

and Fed. R. Crim. P. 41(c) Note: HR Stat 1991 - 1998 US Comp Stat 1901 p. 1269 supporting to applicable constitutional limitation. The court concedes that a literal reading of § 715.15 sub

section (2)(a)(b)(3) and (6) Fla. Stat. enforce as provided in § 715.152, (3)(d), (3)(a) §. (1)(a)

contempt offenses that civil sanction in Fed. R. Crim. P. 42(b) do contradict by its dictum.

Sept. 2013 - Jul. 10 2015 Bond Hearing:

In the instant complaint the Presiding judge perjured by contradictory statements and perjury statements spoken in English by Philip d. Federico which held that dispensing

with the rubrics of the preceding due process in September 2013 barfed] Prosecutor Kate

Alexander from charging false positives beyond a removed doubt. Cf. Fla. Const. art. V 21(d)(10)

who now stand abolish. Violation of this section that holds likewise are first and third-

degree felonies. See e.g. Anderson v State 1669 So. 2d 262 (Fla. 5th DCA 1995) (finding s. 831.01(1) FS

subjecting Philip d. Federico and Kate Alexander to violations of a third-degree felony); §

831.02(1) Fla Stat (finding Philip d. Federico and Kate Alexander bar-credentials-sumen

within 100 percent each subjecting the defendant's to a violation of a third-degree felony); Robinson at 667 8 L. Ed. 2d at 763 (finding 18 U.S.C. § 1651 subjecting county solicitor's to a violation of a first-degree felony); Note: Rep. No. Stat 5414 U.S. Comp. Stat 1901

p. 3662 (the court noted two police government agents civil fine subject to promulgation into the Treasury and this penalty encompass as enforceably by legislative agencies upon members of the bar.).

Artist Affidavit Aug 2015 - Today:

The removable attest that the inconceivability of the hypothesized police and judicial agencies - illustrate the dangers to prevent judicial legislation approving practice of punishment in the void of the requirement of proof beyond a reasonable doubt - is reason enough to panic

that it will not command a bar of disqualification and jail terms. The court also determined

further she spoke that perjury by contradictory statements spoken in English by Alexis

James finds her not credible. Congress ratified HR Stat 1996-1998 U.S. Comp. Stat 1901

p. 1269 and section 837.021(1) Florida Statute (2013) to commission recrimination impositonal

charge as a third-degree felony. As the consequence the Chief of Police and Sergeant

William Burris having been fine job terminations, fines and cost and directed to citizens

for the possession of cocaine, liquid or loose mounds battery, conceal dangerous quantities and measures of cocaine charged Germaine Harris contradict members of the bar with statements that yield a return of about 99.2% embezzlement over condiscatory vessels of containment estimated thirteen (13) to be counted in 08/10/2013; 8-16-13; 8-19-13; 9-4-13; 9-6-13; August 29 2013; July 26 2011; July 27 2016 and during the apprehension neither alters the penalty to cover the whole assembly beyond the preponderance of a further penalty mandating a mandatory minimum sentence of 5 years. See the perpetrated crime by § 112.313 Fla Stat (2020) with a further declaration in *McKinnon v City of Berwyn* 750 F.2d at 1391

Strongest standard preventing the fromers to publish surety bonds warrant judicial agencies employment searchable and seized by United States v Wilton 423 U.S. 416 (1976), criminal offense in progress perpetrate in the last nine years. This seems well-organized-enough; unless for example by the relative slow procedure that put Germaine Harris on notice within a year later of an immediate release as distinctive from a deterio by contempt proceedings,

collusion civil fines decisions or into confidence about suspending bar credentials to the remaining defendant's to reinstate employment as ruling out two police government officials. Note:

Rep. No. Stat 3414 U.S. Comp. Stat. 1901 p. 31612, note e.g. art v section 1 (b) forwarded from

Fla Const (1885) rev. ratified 1968 updated (Feb 17 2015)

The District Court:

Honnywell E.G. joined in opinions by Congress expressing the view about constraining  
 "impositional" so broadly, supreme interpretations ordering Germaine Harris release of convicted  
 portions that contradict the jury to acquit him from possession of cocaine, conceal violent crime  
 and measures of cocaine and convict him of lewd or lascivious battery. Nevertheless, the preamble  
 cites article III 4. (a)-(d) and section 11. (b)(c) Fla Const a sufficient nexus; the  
 district court in a brief opinion citing Congress concurrence who drafted the authorization  
 jurisprudence approval that Germaine Harris is entitled to immediate release ratified in  
 section 27.16 Florida Statute (2001), United States v Price 383 U.S. 787 (1966)  
 and by a furtherance concurrence ratifying section 837.02(1) Florida Statute  
 (2000) to cancel existing provisions and legislative office by reference inextricably

connected in which the impositions penalty decided continues to be repulsed. See Pub. L. No. 28 United States Code Section 2403. The court reported as "one-off termination" cited cases holding legislators did not mean an alternative punishment of a fine to suffice as an alternative sanction for members of the bar to continue to hold office. The State found Arthur v. AP Morgan supra, § 837.021(1) Fla Stat impaneling of a jury with six (6) votes, and joined by three (3) more concurrence and the authorizing justice's approval declaring that a two-third of Congress punishment enforce both the full civil and criminal sanctioning of the gravity in classifying criminal offenses that exist both lawfully arrest the defendant's. Note: HR Rep. No. 304 80th Cong. 1st Sess 3 (1947)

Bar Credentials:

More generally, where available, are an obvious duty to prosecute unlawful promotions of statutory schemes, correct violent crime and measures of economic "circulating" in any private or public place policies working to back, punishable that commence imprisonment sentence of 5 years.

In sum, the prosecution agency were actually aware and constructively aware by the arrest of the Police Government case and when taken together barred any further effort

to obtain the larger limits by Kate Alexander and Allie Turgate restarting a new commission - all under the bond hearing settlement and by the court upholding objections in the middle of a jury trial sequence signaling a problematic resolution to arrest signature appearance before closing argument. Fla Const art v 20 (d) (10) quoting Art of May 2 1992 c.28 9, 1 Stat 218 that become compelling. Yet at the same time section 21.16 Fla Stat (2022) are unwilling to disqualify the State Attorney and its Assistant State Attorney Kate Alexander and Allie Turgate over use of Courtroom 1 and its subpoena's to perpetrate a criminal event. The Prosecutor's cannot have it both ways: The Prosecutor are thus in no position to procure and execute impositions charges to the Chief of Police, Sergeant William Burris and imprison Germaine Harris. The impositions charges make sure that the civil fine disqualify and impose jail terms to the bar solicitor's - but not to Germaine Harris. (S.d.R.'s concurring) [10] we should remain cognizant of the co-defendant's . . . of arrangement and the type of commission that tend to convict such a charge?)- The evidence confiscated from these hearings are the basis of HR Rep No 1878 60th Cong. 2d Sess 1-2 1909. See also the Subcommittee on Improvements in the Criminal Code 59 d. Crim. L. C.R.P. 5.7 (1966).



The Bar:

The authoring justice's implied the statutory schemes hooding warnings over clause(i) void forensic paperwork and court transcript, clause(ii) dismissal of case in Sept. 2013, clause(iii) police officers job termination on Aug. 19, 2020 and penalties off. Mar. 11, 2021, clause(iv) void case processed Aug. 30, 2013 dismissed Sept. 2013 went public and private Oct 2013 - Today and promulgated furthermore a not guilty judgment that no longer authorized aggregates amount over hourly wage or commission. See e.g. appeal style CASE No. 8:20cv11810-T-SLAP Dec. 26 relax standard Record at p. 170-172 (Mar. 11, 2021). Instead, Prosecutor Kate Alexander charged into barred territory bargaining with the claims in promotions from the clause, conviction, conceal dangerous quantities and measures of cocaine redefined provisions coupled with congress supreme appeal underwriting an application complaint notwithstanding violation of felonies would include the Executive Cabinet Elected legislation policemen and policewomen to enforce an arrest of crime and uphold the clause that's telling, for example, observing on going bodily harm and sexual violence between the culpable men and from the accusation, including priors of embezzlement of vindicting an armed robbery charge up to premeditating

death to bury his accusation, but the pivot indicator allows for a greater statutory cost by ordering precisely from the link of criminal perjury without additional exposure impairing the Bar. *McMillan v Pennsylvania* 477 U.S. 100 (1986) is incumbent equally upon political parties assembling in Fla. Const. art. V 25 (d)(10) of where Section 435, Fla. Stat. and Fed. R. Evid. 103 is a gathering place to commit crime. See 18 U.S.C. 401(3). And the accusation does allow such a loop in logic in *Hugh v City of Jacksonville* 51 Fla 207 40 So. 1032 ('Mayorat [c]hserve infra the legislative branch of government has a duty to adjudicate criminal activity culminating in perjury').

What is more, Prosecuting here expressly set out in Rule 41 (a)(2)(D) of the Federal Rules of Criminal Procedures which permit the State with bail [ed] authority to suppress insurrection in Courtroom 7, framing void enactments and void in all its part yields this unremarkable proposition that placing handcuffs on outrageous courtroom antics is much more the business by Police Government commencing a criminal construction than it is of an act in congress perpetrating a criminal event. See *Pennsylvania* 477 U.S. at 100, and generally Rule 41 (a)(2)(C)

of the Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure (quoting Fed. R. Crim. P. 41(c)). And see United States  
425 U.S. at 416. Of the heaviest criminal offense enumerated in the sentencing factor

third-degree perjury by contradictory statement and perjury statement as defined in

§ 837.02(1) Fla Stat and § 837.02(1) Fla Stat subjecting the defendant's to

consecutive sentence of 5 years. Kidnapping and aggravated sexual abuse as defined

in 18 U.S.C. § 241 are felonies of a capital offense, first degree offense and second-

degree offense subjecting Detective Joseph Gaspar lab. # 15-005958 (transmitted to Colorado P.D.)

and defendant to a fine or a maximum of 10 years or both; or any term of years

or life or both; or may be sentenced to death 715.15 (2)(a)(b), (5)(a) punishable

as provided in 715.082(1)(a) (3)(a) 3., (3)(d). Trafficking large quantities

of cocaine as defined in 42 Stat. 596 (1922 ed.), or 26 U.S.C. § 4731 subjecting

the defendant's to felonies that commence 3 years after the crime is committed.

Stolen credit cards and theft that exceeds \$1000 as defined in 18 U.S.C. § 656

are felonies of the first-degree subjecting the defendant's to a fine not more than \$1,000,000 or a maximum sentence of 30. 715.15 (2)(a) punishable as provided in

715.082 (3)(b)(1). Unlawful placing of bombs as defined in 18 U.S.C. § 924(c)

(1968 ed.) subjecting the defendant's to felonies that commence 10 years after the

crime is committed. 715.15(1). Cf. Fla. Const. art. IV § 4.(b)..

Consistent sought with civil and criminal penalties [is] objectionable to a wide variety of bar members statutory schemes that abstract successor enforcing impositions penalties under the sentencing factor see McKinnon 750 F.2d at 1391; Kolina v Fletcher 522, 11 S. 118 (1994) which has clearly sanctioned the stringent standard. Together they remove any

doubt: The state intervenes in holding Germaine Harris entitlement to be freed

whose duty would be to testify against enumerated crime multiplying by quantity by

5.1 grams of visible cocaine and or 13 vessels of containers appearing to hold

more than 11.80 grams of cocaine together with hand guns, stolen credit cards and

unlawful placing of bombs supplied<sup>2</sup> to the State Attorney integral part by Alexis

<sup>2</sup> \$749.90 fee assess & 13 vessels of containers in 7 noticeable dates = \$10,900 sequence or sector profit (pretrial cost, bail billing charge, attorney billing charge, restitution loss fines assess omitted)

James purporting by contradictory statements. In a decision joined by Honeywell E.C. enforcing a two-third concurrence stating that approximately the members of the bar extend lines of credit that exceeds \$20,000 to forgering signatures. See Webster

International Dictionary (2d ed. 1934).

Interpretation:

The Supplemental Memorandum for the State of Minnesota concurs further in opposition to Fla. Const. art v 20(d)(iv) associated in meaning and method with section 21.16 Fla. Stat. (2022) commanding a disqualification in holding that where Prosecution

Agency Association Inc. unlawfully assessed to-wit: a clone provision in refining

the concept of "42 Stat 596 (1922 ed.), e.g. 26 U.S.C. § 4731, § 863.13 (6)(a)

Fla Stat (2013), § 800.04 (4)(a) Fla Stat (2013), PRISON ID# 312B7-D, 18 U.S.C. § 924

(c) (1968 ed.), § 790.01 - 06 Fla. Stat. and Congress adopted 18 U.S.C. § 656 to reach

under the contrary provision to arrest counterfeit circulating in the vicinity of the

Commissioner of Banking and Insurance.

The majority opinion of the Congress at pages 171-172 of document 26 in calling attention to State v Evans 692 So 2d 211-219 (Fla 4th DCA 1997) that sought concerted

would complete joint resolution. And to the fact that disqualification and joint does conflict thirteen vessels of containment holding statutory most renders it ambiguous. P.h.

1. § 891.021(1) Fla. Stat.

On balance the court also concludes that the high end of commissioning a felony synonymous with the acquittal of "possession of cocaine" and the conviction of

"level or lascivious battery" cannot be a simultaneously duty to begin a Fla. R. Crim. P.

3.800 or 3.850 when half of the group is penalized under contradictory resolution. State v

Parrell 221 So. 2d 129 131 (Fla. 1969) (holding the removal complaint against defendants

although reached entirely in embezzlement charge, truly accuse intentional perjury within

the meaning of commission a felony); § 891.021(1) Fla. Stat. (2013) [W]atching alone

in one or more official proceeding willfully makes true or more material statements under

oath which contradict each other commits a felony of the third-degree); Robinson v

California 661 U.S. 310 (1962) (holding de facto under charge takes up where the

void process leaves off with neither presumptions nor overlapping of such police

government's ordinance.).

Arrest: 10 o'clock am Criminal Justice Center:

Evidence indicate that the trial bench is in visible possession of a 11.80 gram package containing a cocaine base a C,GC-MS,TLC mixture and unlawful collector bargaining appearing to hold more than a 11.80 gram package containing cocaine, a cocaine base and C,GC-MS,TLC mixture together with hand guns, stolen credit cards and unlawful placing of bombs, and according with Pinellas County Circuit Court file clerk KAREN KIRCHMAN (recorder-clerk) Prosecutor Kate Alexander, Allie Fungali and Kelly McCabe Esquire dispute hypothetical competences in the absence of forensic document that call for an intervening agency by those records that has never been seen or filed with the Court. See Fla. Const. art. v § 20 (c)(10) that involves conspiracies by the Prosecutor's presumptions of discreditable elements which margin incumbent equally on purport statements supporting defendant's to a mandatory minimum sentence of five years. Further, the package was measured as to no state or federal tax stamp affixed to the packages and the Forensic Lab Expert did not testify. Arthur v JP Morgan Chase Bank NA 5/19

Feel. Appx. 1669 (11th Cir. Fla. 2014)

Today the Court holds that police and judicial agents may not only succumb to rescinding their badges of authority for crime with which the Chief of Police and Sergeant William Burns are civil fine for but may also enforce state legislatures authority to rescind all badges that incumbent equally upon the crime of perjury so committed - i.e. the prohibited activity which subjects Alexis James and Florida Bar members to criminal sanctions - is the element of the crime which the proof is by the preponderance of adjudging the civil fine. Pub. L. S. 98-21(8) Fla. Stat. (2002). That is to say the remaining defendants be REMOVED holding office and that Carmaine Harris be IMMEDIATE RELEASE from said detention or imprisonment in Florida penitentiary and that Carmaine Harris receive the CRIMESTOPPER REWARD and he prays that he may be forth with brought before the court upon an arraignment committee to do, Suband to, and WITNESS processing the paperwork to file criminal charges.

*Carmaine Harris*  
Witness